

26 OK Stat § 5-118 Contest of Candidacy

Petitioner Arya Azma, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Filing Date 07 April 2026

The State Election Board of Oklahoma is petitioned to decide that the Contestee, Attorney General Gentner Drummond, is not a qualified elector because he is a mala fide resident and not a bona fide resident. He previously ran for a state Attorney General position despite his law school having been outside of the fifty states, then neglected to perform basic functions of the role as established in Oklahoma common law. This petition is directed to the State Election Board and the Attorney General for redress of grievances using 26 OK Stat § 5-118 and using the First Amendment of the United States Constitution. Decades-codified 26 OK Stat § 5-125 establishes the State Election Board as the Contestee's constructive service agent, and 26 OK Stat § 5-118 protects my legal right to make contest solely and purely by written petition. I formally complained to the Office of the Attorney General about statutory criminal misdemeanor, according to Oklahoma Open Meeting Act § 314, by Norman Public Schools and City of Norman police. I received no response. Weeks later, the same police department arrested me. I was illegally detained in a mental hospital without being taken before a judge or charged with crime. I was held against a wall and injected, then held against a bed and injected, then held against a different wall and injected. At one point subsequent to regaining consciousness after having been incapacitated by injection, my face moved with difficulty that inhibited speech, and I was given a crayon. No legal paperwork was given to me corresponding to the detention, and no medical paperwork was given to me corresponding to the injections. The Contestee is a mala fide resident who contravenes the purpose of his elected Office of Trust.

1 The State Election Board should find that the Contestee is not a bona fide resident of Oklahoma, and is simply a resident of Oklahoma.

Oklahoma statute stands for evaluation of what it textually expresses rather than being a basis for favoritism by a judge or arbitrator. The Oklahoma Constitution establishes that “bona fide residents” can be qualified electors, but does not establish that “mala fide” residents can be qualified electors. The State Election Board is being specifically petitioned with regard to the words “bona fide resident,” and I argue that the Contestee is a mala fide resident.

1.1 “Bona fide” is Latin for “good faith” and using that term is meaningful in strict construction.

A person who is truthfully a resident of Oklahoma is not necessarily a bona fide resident of Oklahoma.

1.1.1 The State Election Board is empowered to use the specific construction of the text of the Oklahoma Constitution to prevent the Contestee from running for Governor.

Talking like an impolite bumpkin is considered charming in Oklahoma, and state statute is in places hokey and archaic, but the State Election Board is nonetheless required to fulfill its statutory duties and keep Oklahoma elections lawful. It is established by the state legislature and indicated by the Oklahoma Constitution. The Contestee is an Officer of Trust who gained the office based on his attestation of residency before acting contrary to the Oklahoma Constitution, and he should not be permitted to damage our legality by maintaining a lie about his good faith as a resident. The State Election Board is asked to repost the Contestee’s filed Declaration of Candidacy; the writing on the presently available file is interrupted in appearance due to bad reproduction of the form by the State Election Board.

1.2 The Contestee has established mala fide as Attorney General of the State of Oklahoma.

“Mala fide” means “bad faith” in Latin. The Contestee has not only taken action contrary to the mandate of the Attorney General of the State of Oklahoma, he has also failed to perform basic formal functions. The Contestee has shirked and feigned the job. The goodness of the faith of his residency takes into account what he does as a resident with a public Office of Trust.

1.2.1 The Contestee failed to acknowledge a report of crime by government officers of the City of Norman and failed to enforce Oklahoma Open Meeting Act § 314.

The Contestee’s failure to establish a basic report-receiving function of his elected office affected me personally consequent to commission of misdemeanor crime by officials of the City of Norman acting under color of law. I submitted a report of crime to the headquarters offices of the Attorney General of the State of Oklahoma subsequent to violation of the Oklahoma Open Meeting Act that took place on 10 December 2024, and the Office of the Attorney General of the State of Oklahoma did not contact me whatsoever. It was a clear case of statutory criminal misdemeanor by Norman Public Schools and the police department of the City of Norman as codified by Oklahoma Open Meeting Act § 314. I delivered an official criminal complaint form and an original copy of evidence to a uniformed officer designated to receive the complaint at the headquarters building of the Office of the Attorney General in Oklahoma City. I was not permitted into the building during business hours despite wearing business attire and having a form furnished by the Office of the Attorney General itself. A receptionist had the form received from me outside via a uniformed officer sent to the front doors after I spoke to a doorbell device. Apart from state-published rules describing his office as a constructive service agent receiving service there, the Contestee had a statutory responsibility to receive people into his headquarters building and an example is codified in 51 OK Stat § 24A.5. Nobody from the Office of the Attorney General contacted me whatsoever

regarding crime by Norman Public Schools and the police department of the City of Norman subsequent to that formal report of crime, and I was later arrested by City of Norman policemen at the address where I was living. City of Norman policemen took me in handcuffs to a place where I was jailed for over two weeks with no charge of crime and without being taken before a judge. I was released shoeless in a homeless-shelter parking lot without paperwork documenting the injections. I have since moved to Oklahoma County. The Contestee did not faithfully acknowledge government crime reported at his headquarters building by a human resident providing evidence and an official complaint form. I personally attest that the Office of the Attorney General of the State of Oklahoma did not do the basic task of providing a written acknowledgement that a formal complaint was made. Missouri has done that. Pennsylvania has done that. Delaware has done that. Policemen in the United States of America are not lawfully permitted to commit people to mental hospitals, and it is a violation of due process that presently exists in Oklahoma.

1.2.2 The Contestee filed on 11 March 2026 in the District Court of Oklahoma County contrary to the Oklahoma Constitution regarding state-funded religious schooling.

The Oklahoma Constitution clearly establishes in its Bill of Rights that a proposed Peter Deutsch school is illegal here: “No public money or property shall ever be appropriated, applied, donated, or used, directly or indirectly, for the use, benefit, or support of any sect, church, denomination, or system of religion, or for the use, benefit, or support of any priest, preacher, minister, or other religious teacher or dignitary, or sectarian institution as such.” Furthermore, incorporation of the First Amendment is construed in United States jurisprudence to mean that the Oklahoma legislature and the bodies it establishes can make no law respecting an establishment of religion. The Oklahoma Statewide Charter School Board gave a lawful reason under Oklahoma law. The Contestee then used his office to sue for the Statewide Charter School Board to be obligated to give additional reasons.

Peter Deutsch is attempting to violate Exodus 20:15, Leviticus 19:11, and Deuteronomy 5:19 by stealing funds, and the Contestee has not formally charged Peter Deutsch with any form of fraud for misrepresenting his financial deception as Torah-concordant. The Contestee used his elected office to counteract the Oklahoma Constitution and United States Supreme Court jurisprudence from a case he himself argued.

1.2.3 The Contestee illegally blocked Vicki Zemp Behenna from prosecuting Joseph Gibson and attempted to qualify police action with immunity in a way that established a violation of the federal Constitutional rights of Lich Thanh Vu under the Fourth Amendment and Eighth Amendment as incorporated with the Fourteenth Amendment.

Uniformed policemen in Oklahoma are not granted immunity for all behavior they conceive to conduct in uniform; qualified immunity is not perfect immunity. The Contestee corrupted the concept of police discipline in Oklahoma prior to formal endorsement by an extrajudicial police group. Joseph Gibson was not trained to break the neck of septuagenarian Lich Thanh Vu for touching him. I have been attacked by a septuagenarian multiple times. The Contestee made the entire State of Oklahoma guilty for an action of policeman Joseph Gibson as Attorney General of the State of Oklahoma by officially protecting federal crime under color of law on behalf of the State of Oklahoma. That action of policeman Joseph Gibson was an unreasonable seizure as conducted, and breaking the neck of a person is a cruel and unusual punishment for touching someone during a traffic stop. The Attorney General of the State of Oklahoma described it as trained action. Vicki Zemp Behenna was enforcing Oklahoma law with the implication of disqualifying the assault as an immune police action of the State of Oklahoma, a state that is legally required to not violate the Fourth Amendment and the Eighth Amendment at all times when conducting police activity. No uniformed policeman in this state is lawfully empowered to summarily execute justice by violent extrajudicial recompense against a person detained in a traffic

stop or Terry stop. Contrary to what the Contestee decided, undisciplined reactive force is not their training. Riot police get hit and do not retaliate without orders as a matter of training.

1.2.4 The Contestee abstained from litigating in such a way as to force consideration of the dissent by Clarence Thomas arguing erroneous judgment by the United States Supreme Court in *McGirt v. Oklahoma*, a case where Oklahoma lost its federal common-law right to prosecute crime committed in the state and became beholden to a racial caste system not constrained by specific property boundaries. Statehood is superior to the high court in United States common law.

Ruth Bader Ginsburg passed away and the Contestee could have attempted to force her judicial error the other way by litigating against non-state racial groups that challenge the statehood of Oklahoma. Defending the statehood of Oklahoma is an essential function of the supreme executive of Oklahoma and also a part of the job of the Contestee as the current Attorney General.

2 The State Election Board is petitioned to verify that the Contestee has made good-faith address updates for his state-issued identification card and his voter registration in the past decade.

Illegally, 47 OK Stat § 6-116 requires that a person with a state identification card who changes domicile apply for a new card. Discriminatorily, 26 OK Stat § 4-115.2 sets rules for selective confidentiality of voter residence and mailing address. I charge the State Board of Education with reviewing all residential and mailing addresses of the Contestee for the past ten years and verifying, pursuant to Article 6 Section 3 of the Oklahoma Constitution, attested residency of Gentner Drummond. The State of Oklahoma maintains protected records of voter registration and state-identification-card domicile.

2.1 Residency is a review burden of the State Election Board.

Hominy is located over a hundred miles away from the state Capitol in Osage County, Tulsa is located in Tulsa County, and the headquarters building of the Office of the Attorney General is located within walking distance of the state Capitol in Oklahoma County. Where is Gentner Drummond presently living, where has he been living for the past ten years, and has the State Election Board set eyes upon his historical voter registration and state-identification-card records in a serious review of honest residency? It is unclear what county to approach for effective personal service by a County Sheriff upon the Contestee, an elected official claiming to reside in Osage County who is in violation of 51 OK Stat § 24A.6 in Oklahoma County at his official headquarters, during workdays. He has had offices in Tulsa County. I have a 26 OK Stat § 5-118 right to contest directly with the State Election Board in writing only and without participating in associated legal maneuver. Substituted service to the Contestee by the Office of the Attorney General is attempted in Oklahoma City via USPS Priority Mail from 305 NW 5TH ST 73102 on this day to 313 NE 21ST ST 73105, addressed to the Contestee with instruction to contact the State Election Board, his agreed statutory constructive service agent according to 26 OK Stat § 5-125. "When personal service is impossible, within said time, it is hereby made the duty of said petitioner to serve said true copies upon the secretary of the appropriate election board." I have never walked from Oklahoma City to Pawhuska, and that means it is not proven that my present mode of transportation can facilitate a visit to Sheriff Perrier there within the statutorily proposed and not required timeframe for personal service. Personal service upon the Attorney General of the State of Oklahoma within twenty-four hours in Osage County intraweek is not required by 26 OK Stat § 5-124, and the officially publicized copy of the Contestee's Declaration of Candidacy does not clearly reproduce Osage County as his written county of residence; it is an aberrant facsimile as furnished by the State Election Board.

AA _____ Priority Mail 9510807001516097135451

2026 OKLAHOMA DECLARATION OF CANDIDACY
Candidate Information and Oath

NOV 16 2023 10:00 AM
OKLAHOMA SECRETARY OF STATE

SECTION 1 - Ballot Information (required)

Candidate's name (as it will appear on ballot)
Gentner Drummond

Candidate's legal name
Gentner Frederick Drummond

Candidate's registration name, if different from legal name

Title of office sought: Governor District of office sought (if applicable)

SECTION 2 - Party Affiliation Information (required for a political party)

Candidate for the:
 Republican Party Independent (no party)

SECTION 3 - Voter Registration Information (required)

Voter ID number: 570037107 Date of birth: 10-01-63

I am a registered voter in:
Precinct # 570113 County Craig

This information is redacted to comply with SB 677 (2023).

26 O.S. § 5-111 A.3 The candidate's place of residence and mailing address, which shall be kept confidential as provided in subsection B of this section;

B. The address of residence and the mailing address of a candidate provided on a Declaration of Candidacy shall be verified by the secretary of the election board with whom the Declaration was filed and shall be kept confidential; provided, however, such address information shall be provided to a candidate, candidate representative, or other lawful authority in anticipation of or as part of a contest of candidacy or contest of an election as provided for in this title or as part of a petition challenge as provided by law.

SECTION 4 - Contact Information (required)

Phone: _____ Email: _____

Alternate phone: _____ Website: _____

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

This declaration is accompanied by a (check one):

Check #: 6110511

Petition # of pages: _____ and # of signatures: _____

Not in person

Received by (initials): AM

2026 OKLAHOMA DECLARATION OF CANDIDACY
Candidate Information and Oath

Candidate's name (as it will appear on the ballot) → Gentner Drummond
SECTION 6 - Qualifications (required)

**GOVERNOR, LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR, ATTORNEY GENERAL, STATE
TREASURER, SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION**

I am filing as a candidate for the office of: Governor Lieutenant Governor Attorney General
 State Treasurer Superintendent of Public Instruction

- Yes No At the time of the election, will you be at least thirty-one (31) years of age and have been a qualified elector of the state for the preceding ten (10) years?
- Yes No Have you been a registered voter of the party for which you seek election for the six-month period immediately preceding the first day of the filing period as prescribed by law, OR if filing as an Independent candidate, have you been registered to vote as an Independent for the six-month period immediately preceding the first day of the filing period as prescribed by law?
- Yes No Have you previously served in the office sought for a total of eight (8) years (consecutive or nonconsecutive), excluding any partial terms served by appointment or election?
- Yes No I have read the qualifications for this office attached to the filing packet and affirm that I am qualified for this office.

SECTION 7 - Criminal History Disclosure (required)

- Yes No Have you been convicted, pled guilty or nolo contendere, or otherwise been determined by a court of proper authority in Oklahoma or in another state to be guilty of a misdemeanor involving embezzlement or of a felony under the laws of this state or of the United States?
 Yes No If yes, has it been fifteen (15) years or longer since the completion of your sentence?
- Yes No Have you been named in an outstanding warrant for arrest for a misdemeanor involving embezzlement or a felony in this or any other state or of the United States?

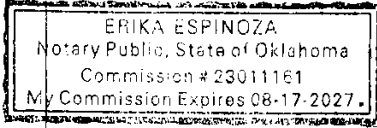
If you answered YES to any of the above questions, you are required to fill out and sign the Criminal History Disclosure Form and include it with your Declaration of Candidacy.

SECTION 8 - Part and Oath (required)

I, the undersigned, swear or affirm that the information provided in this Declaration of Candidacy and Criminal History Disclosure Supplemental Form, is true and correct, that I have read the Candidate Qualifications for the office that I seek, that I am fully qualified to become a candidate for said office, and that I will be fully qualified to hold said office, if elected.

Candidate's signature: [Signature] Date: 3/25/26
 X _____ State of OK County of OK

Sign and sworn to before me on 03-25-2026, Gentner Drummond
Date Name of candidate



My commission expires on 08-17-2027 Commission Number 23011161
Erika Espinoza
 Signature of Notary Public or Officer Authorized to Administer Oath
Notary
 Title of Notary Public or Officer Authorized to Administer Oath

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Request for Certificate of Graduation

Registrar's Office [Organization] <lawreg@georgetown.edu>
To: "A. A." <aryaazma@gmail.com>

Thu, Nov 20, 2025 at 12:21 PM

Good Afternoon,

Thank you for your email and our apologies for the delay in response. Gentner Drummond graduated with a Juris Doctor degree on May 29, 1995.

Best,

Maryam Fleet
Assistant Registrar for Academic Records & Operations

Office of the Registrar
GEORGETOWN LAW | lawreg@georgetown.edu
600 New Jersey Avenue, NW | Washington, DC 20001
P 202-662-9220 | F 202-662-9235
[Website](#) | [Office Hours](#)

On Mon, Nov 10, 2025 at 1:00 PM A. A. <aryaazma@gmail.com> wrote:
Monday, November 10, 2025

[600 New Jersey Avenue NW](#)
[Washington DC 20001](#)
202.662.9000

To the Georgetown Law Center:

This message constitutes a request for verification of graduation year and degree for Gentner Drummond, a present candidate for Governor in the State of Oklahoma.

Mr. Drummond is currently the Attorney General of Oklahoma, and his official biography says that he received a law degree from Georgetown University. I write to request confirmation of the date or dates of any degree or degrees awarded to Gentner Drummond.

I am not Mr. Drummond. I am running for Governor of Oklahoma.

Arya Azma
Oklahoma City, OK
azma@alum.mit.edu



DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE
HEADQUARTERS AIR RESERVE PERSONNEL CENTER

22 January 2026

HQ ARPC/DS/FOIA Office
18420 East Silver Creek Drive, Bldg 390 MS68
Aurora, CO 80011

Arya Azma
NO PHYSICAL MAILING ADDRESS PROVIDED
aryaazma@gmail.com

Dear Ms. Azma,

This responds to your November 8, 2025, Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request 2026-00942-F received on November 13, 2025, which seeks the following:

citation data and associated metadata corresponding to the Distinguished Flying Cross. A person named Gentner Drummond is running for Governor of Oklahoma and his official website -- a government website -- says that he is a recipient of the Distinguished Flying Cross and that he led the first combat mission of the Persian Gulf War. The Governor of Oklahoma holds an office of military command.

The Privacy Act 1974, as amended by 5 U.S. Code § 552a, exemption (d)(5) allows redaction in full of such records. Under FOIA, some responsive documents are released per your request. Documents and/or portions thereof not released under FOIA are those redacted pursuant to exemptions (b)(6). Your records are hereby released with appropriate redaction.

ARPC has reviewed Mr. Drummond's personnel records and located three pages responsive documents. These three pages are comprised of duplicate copies of the citation for the Distinguished Flying Cross and Special-Order GA-075. These three pages are being released with Mr. Drummond's PII redacted. .

Under FOIA Exemption 6 (5 U.S.C. 552 (b)(6)), we have redacted information in personnel and medical files, as well as similar personal information in other files, that, if disclosed would result in a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy of third parties. This includes the Post- 9/11, "DoD Names Policy", protecting the names of personnel below the O-7 grade or the civilian equivalent, unless the DoD person is a Director or whose duties normally involve interacting with the public (such as Public Affairs or FOIA personnel).

If you disagree and interpret this response as an adverse action, you may write to the Secretary of the Air Force, Thru: HQ AFRC/A6 (FOIA Office), 555 Robins Parkway, Robins AFB GA 31098-1635 within 90 calendar days from the date of this letter. Include in the appeal your reasons for reconsideration and attach a copy of this letter. You may also submit your appeal online at the Air Force's Public Access Link: <https://efoia.cce.af.mil/>.

You may contact the Air Force FOIA Public Liaison Officer, Mr. Robert E. Bivins, concerning this final response at Air Force FOIA Public Liaison Office, 1800 Air Force Pentagon, Washington, DC 20330-1800 or DAF.FOIA@us.af.mil or (703) 614-8500. You may also seek dispute resolution services from the Office of Government Information Services and can find information on this Office at <https://www.archives.gov/ogis/mediation-program/request-assistance>. Using the dispute resolution services will not affect your appeal rights.

The FOIA provides for the collection of fees based on the costs of processing a FOIA request and your fee category. In this case, we assessed no fees for processing this request.

Direct questions to ARPC.DS.FOIA@us.af.mil or call 720-847-3744 and reference FOIA case number 2026-00092-F.

Sincerely

MARK R. MAXFIELD, GS-15, DAF
Director of Staff, HQ ARPC

Attachment(s):
3 pages

CITATION TO ACCOMPANY THE AWARD OF THE
DISTINGUISHED FLYING CROSS

TO

GENINER F. DRUMMOND

(b) (6)

(b) (6)

1887 NOV 13

DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE
UNITED STATES CENTRAL AIR FORCES
SHAW AIR FORCE BASE, SOUTH CAROLINA, 29152-5001

DDF

04 November 19

SPECIAL ORDER
GA-075

1. By direction of the President, each of the following individuals is awarded the DISTINGUISHED FLYING CROSS for extraordinary achievement while participating in aerial flight during the period indicated.

RANK	NAME	SSAN	INCLUSIVE DATES	OLC	PAS CODE	RDP	CONT
CPT	DRUMMOND, GENTNER F.	(b) (6)	17JAN91-17JAN91	0	LEOTFYXV	910620	4

FOR THE COMMANDER



JACK E. DIEKMAN, COLONEL, USAF
Director of Information Management

GA-075

CITATION TO ACCOMPANY THE AWARD OF THE
DISTINGUISHED FLYING CROSS

TO

GENINER F. DRUMMOND

(b) (6)

(b) (6)